



種畜禽輸出檢疫作業

行政院農業委員會動植物防疫檢疫局



大綱

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一、前言

- 為確保輸出種畜禽之健康、符合輸入國檢疫規定，順利通關出口
- 輸出種畜禽常受限於輸入國嚴格之檢疫規定，如輸出國必須依其程序被認可為口蹄疫或禽流感非疫國(區)



二、檢疫諮商

- 向輸入國政府主管機關詢問輸入檢疫規定與程序
- 分析我國動物疫情狀態能否符合輸入國檢疫規定與相關問卷內容
- 如能符合輸入國檢疫規定，則填送問卷向輸入國申請輸入許可
- 獲輸入國許可時，依其檢疫規定辦理輸出檢疫



目前可輸出之國家與品項

- 中國大陸—受精鵝蛋
- 印尼—雛雞
- 馬來西亞—雛火雞
- 韓國—雛鴨、種鴨蛋
- 日本—實驗用鴨蛋
- 香港—種豬



三、輸出人需先備齊之文件資料

- 農委會出口同意文件

輸出前向行政院農業委員會畜牧處申請種畜禽貨品出口同意書，並註明種畜禽品種、性別、數量。



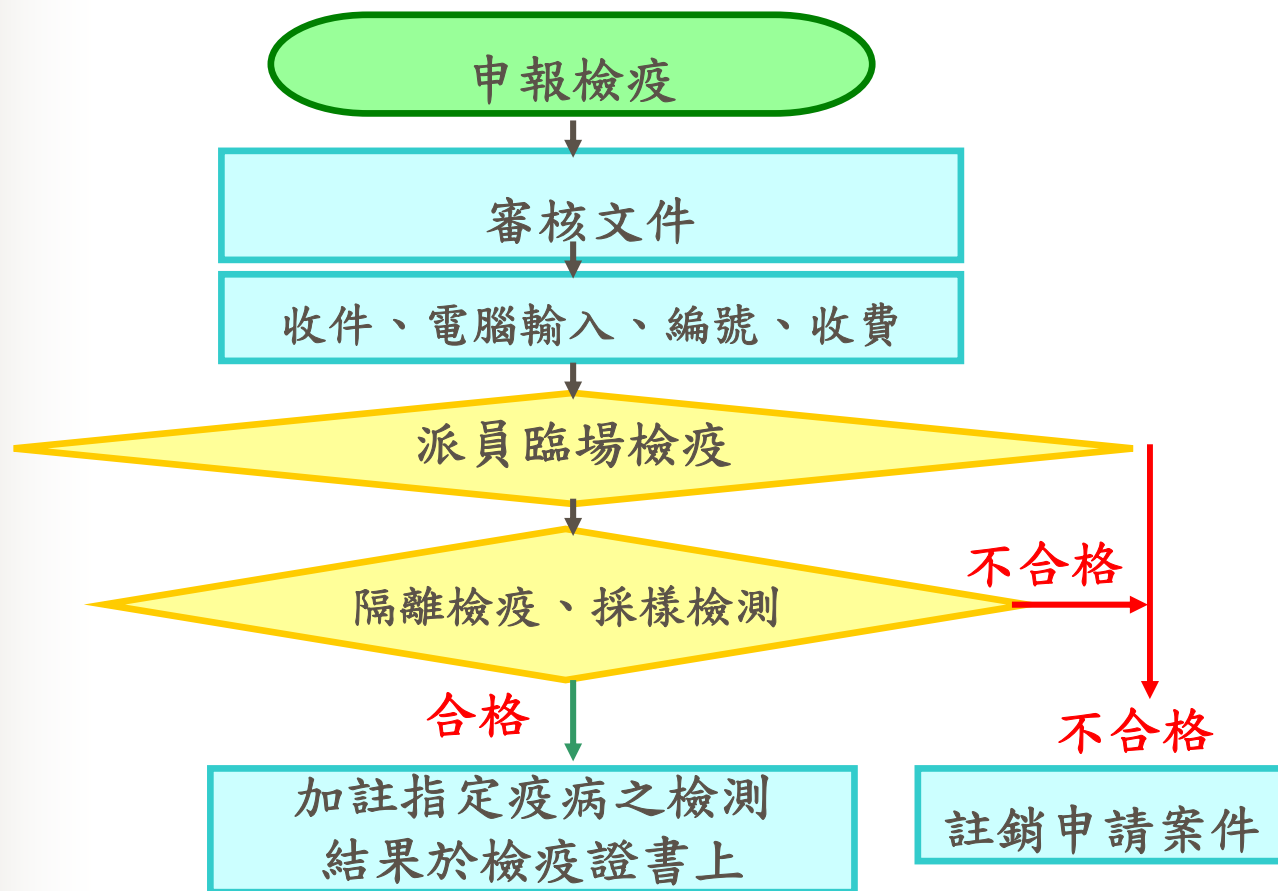
三、輸出人需先備齊之文件資料

- 輸入國同意文件

應於輸出前向輸入國政府動物檢疫機關申請並取得輸入同意函後，始得輸往該國家地區。



四、輸出檢疫作業



應檢附文件：出口報單、輸出貨品商業發票或清單或包裝明細表及其他相關文件(如import permit等)



輸入國要求之檢疫條件

- 輸出國為輸入國認定之特定疾病非疫國（區）
- 來自特定期間無特定疾病之來源場
- 輸出前檢測特定疾病
- 疫苗注射紀錄
- 使用全新或經澈底消毒之容器裝運



實驗用鴨蛋輸日本

- 輸出前90日內，臺灣未發生禽流感，且臺灣採行禁止施打疫苗政策。
- 輸出前90日內，來源場未發生家禽霍亂、新城病、雛白痢、雞傳染性支氣管炎、雞傳染性喉頭氣管炎、禽痘、家禽傷寒、家禽黴漿菌病、馬立克病、家禽沙門氏桿菌症、家禽白血病、家禽結核病、西尼羅熱、住血原蟲病、鴨病毒性肝炎及鴨病毒性腸炎等病。



實驗用鴨蛋輸日本

- 來自政府監督認可無家禽沙門氏桿菌症之飼養場，或
- 輸出前90日內，由防檢局或地方動物防疫機關赴來源場採樣送指定實驗室進行家禽沙門氏桿菌症之檢測，結果為陰性。



實驗用鴨蛋輸日本

- 來源禽群每間隔90日採樣由防檢局指定之實驗室進行禽流感檢測。
- 最後一次檢測日期應為輸出前90日內。
- 抗原檢測方法為PCR或病毒分離。
- 抗體檢測方法為血球凝集抑制試驗或AGID。



實驗用鴨蛋輸日本

- 輸出前24小時內，由防檢局動物檢疫人員檢查確認無家禽傳染性疾病之症狀。
- 在檢疫人員監督下，事先使用全新或經澈底消毒之容器裝運。
- 裝運卡車或機船在檢疫人員事先進行澈底消毒。



實驗用鴨蛋輸日本

- 檢疫人員確認該批貨品未與其他不同衛生條件之動物接觸。
- 施打疫苗之記錄，包括日期、劑量及製造廠商。
- 檢疫人員簽章。



行政院農業委員會動植物防疫檢疫局
Bureau of Animal and Plant Health Inspection and Quarantine
Council of Agriculture, Executive Yuan
REPUBLIC OF CHINA
證明書附件
CERTIFICATE ATTACHMENT

本證書附件必須加蓋鋼印後生效
This certificate will become effective
only when stamped with the Bureau's seal

Date of issue : _____ Certificate No. : _____

SANITARY INFORMATION for day-old chicks and hatching eggs of domestic fowls/ducks/turkeys/
quails/geese (*1) (hereinafter referred to as "the exported day-old chicks/ hatching eggs ") to be exported to
Japan

(*1) delete as appropriate

1. There has been no outbreak (*2) of Avian influenza (*3) in Taiwan for at least 90 days before the day of the
export to Japan, and vaccination against Avian influenza has been prohibited in Taiwan.

(*2) outbreak means an appearance of clinical signs, detection of specific antigen, detection of antibodies to
Avian influenza or identification of the pathogens.

(*3) Avian influenza (hereinafter referred to as "AI") means an avian infectious disease caused by either:

- i) any influenza A virus of the H5 or H7 subtypes; or
- ii) any influenza A virus with high pathogenicity as defined in the OIE Manual of Standards for
Diagnostic Test and Vaccines

2. There has been no outbreak of Fowl cholera, Newcastle disease, Pullorum disease (*Salmonella pullorum*),
Avian infectious bronchitis, Avian infectious laryngotracheitis, Infectious bursal disease (Gamboro disease),
Fowl pox, Fowl typhoid (*Salmonella gallinarum*), Respiratory mycoplasmosis, Marek's disease, Avian
salmonellosis (restricted to both *Salmonella enteritidis* and *Salmonella typhimurium*, the same shall apply
hereafter), Avian leucosis, Avian tuberculosis, Leucocytozoonosis, West Nile virus infection, Duck hepatitis
(only applied to the exported day-old chicks/hatching eggs of ducks) and Duck virus enteritis (only applied to
the exported day-old chicks/hatching eggs of ducks and geese) on the premises of origin for at least 90 days
before the shipment of the exported day-old chicks/ hatching eggs to Japan (*1).

3. Bacteriological examination for Avian salmonellosis has been conducted on the premises of origin as follows
(*1):

- (1) The exported day-old chicks/hatching eggs originated from the breeding flocks under an approved
salmonella control by the Taiwan government authorities, which guarantees the breeding flocks to be free
from Avian salmonellosis, and are guaranteed free from Avian salmonellosis by the said authorities; or

SIGNATURE OF VETERINARY OFFICER

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- (2) During the 90 days prior to the shipment, the samples mentioned in Appendix of the "Animal health
requirements for day-old chicks and hatching eggs to be exported to Japan from Taiwan" were subjected
to Bacteriological examination with negative results, under the supervision of local veterinary officer of
the Livestock Disease Control Centers or Bureau of Animal and Plant Health Inspection and Quarantine
(BAPHIQ).

Examination date	Kinds of sample	Sample no	Examination date	Kinds of sample	Sample no.

- 4. Breeding flocks were examined on AI every 90 days by following tests by the laboratory approved by the
BAPHIQ, and were confirmed as negative. Sampling protocols were referred in Appendix of the "Animal
health requirements for day-old chicks and hatching eggs to be exported to Japan from Taiwan". The last
examination was done during 90 days prior to shipment.

Last examination date of (1)							
Kinds of sample							
Sample no							
Last examination date of (2)							
Kinds of sample							
Sample no							

- (1) PCR or virus isolation by the inoculation of embryonated fowls eggs; and
- (2) Haemagglutination inhibition test or agar gel immunodiffusion test

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基礎生物安全措施

- 指定專責飼養人員，場區禁止參觀，嚴禁閒雜人等出入。
- 畜舍出入口須設置消毒設施，並定期更換消毒藥劑。
- 需更換工作衣鞋始得進入畜舍。
- 設有隔離檢疫區。



優良飼養管理

■ 飼養管理文件化

人員進出、用藥、疫苗、飼料、健康狀況等記錄表。

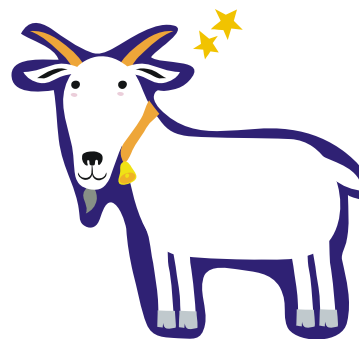
■ 執業獸醫師動物健康管理

由執業獸醫師或特約獸醫師定期進行動物健康管理。



五、結論

- 強化產品競爭力，營造賣方市場氣氛，有利排除雙邊檢疫諮商障礙。
- 加強自我防疫措施，清除特定疫病以符合輸入國檢疫規定。
- 飼養場針對輸入國要求，定期疫病監測，以利種畜禽輸出。



敬請指教



行政院農業委員會動植物防疫檢疫局