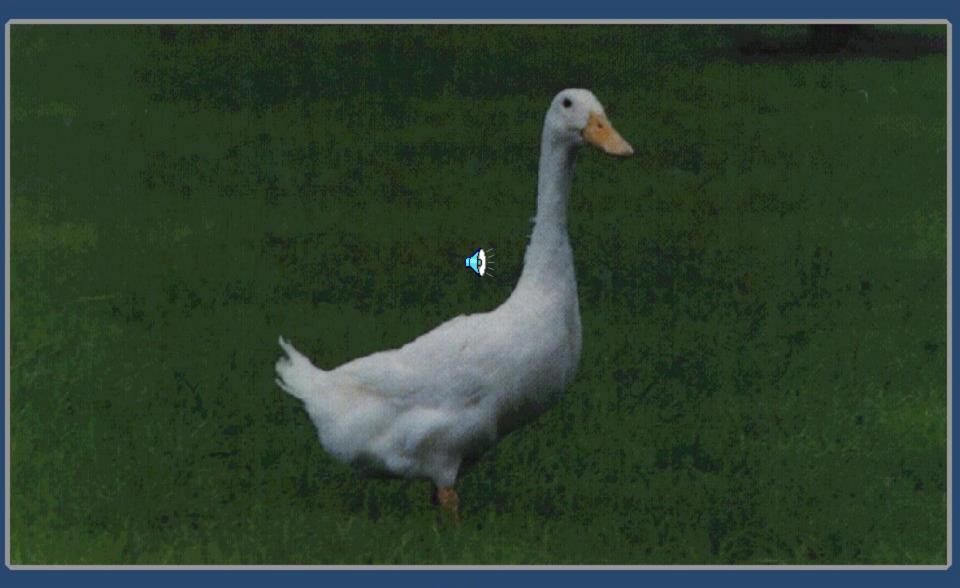
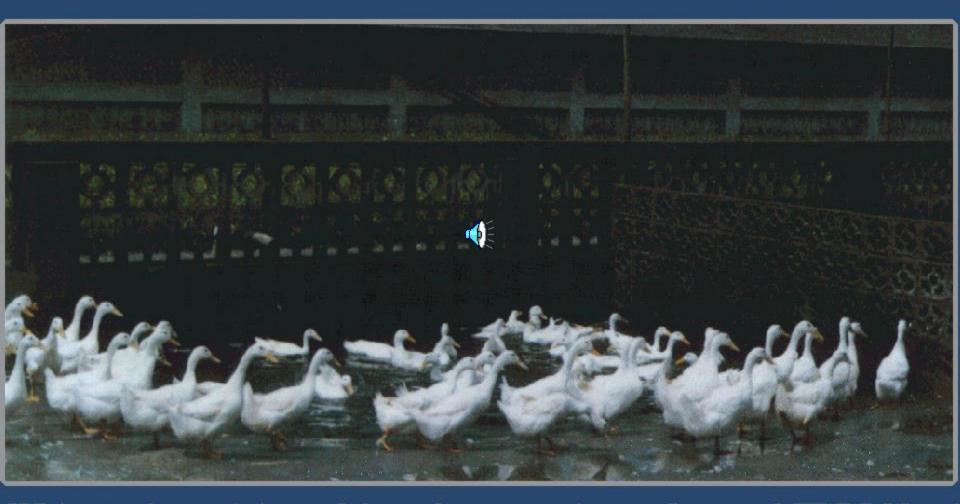


Drake



Hen



White tsaiya originated from brown tsaiya and named TLRI No. 1 Congregate and play in water.

Orango vollowich healt and foot



Jittery, easily frightened.

Drakes have sevual feather on tail and hone don't

### Black (Colored) Muscovy Duck

Growth Performance		Mean + SE	
Body weight at	LINE 101	LINE 102	LINE 103
10 weeks old(Male)	$1.35 \pm 0.13$	$1.24 \pm 0.14$	$0.91 \pm 0.13 \text{ Kg}$
16	$1.41 \pm 0.12$	-	$1.18 \pm 0.11 \text{ Kg}$
20	$1.50 \pm 0.10$	$1.50 \pm 0.14$	$1.26 \pm 0.13 \text{ Kg}$
40	$1.50 \pm 0.10$	-	- Kg
10 weeks old(Female)	$1.30 \pm 0.13$	$1.18 \pm 0.12$	$0.87 \pm 0.13 \text{ Kg}$
16	$1.39 \pm 0.1\%$	-	$1.13 \pm 0.10 \text{ Kg}$
20	$1.45 \pm 0.16$	$1.41 \pm 0.13$	$1.33 \pm 0.13 \text{ Kg}$
40	$1.58 \pm 0.17$	-	- Kg
8th feather length			
10 weeks old(Male)	$13.3 \pm 2.4$	$12.1 \pm 2.2$	$5.89 \pm 2.8$ cm
16	$16.9 \pm 0.6$	-	$16.1 \pm 0.7$ cm
20	$17.1 \pm 0.5$	$16.5 \pm 0.6$	$15.6 \pm 0.5$ cm
8th feather length			
10 weeks old(Female)	$13.6 \pm 2.7$	$12.8 \pm 2.4$	$6.89 \pm 2.7$ cm
16	$16.5 \pm 0.6$	-	$15.3 \pm 0.5$ cm
20	$16.7 \pm 0.7$	-	$15.1 \pm 0.6$ cm

Reproductive		Performance			
Age at first egg	125±13	133±13	130 ±14 days		
Number of eggs produced at					
40 weeks old	123 ± 28	$107 \pm 27$	102 ± 28 eggs		
360 days old	$191 \pm 34$	$190 \pm 25$	165±30 eggs		
Egg weight produced at					
30 weeks old	$63.2 \pm 4.4$	_	56.9±4.5 g		
40 weeks old	$70.1 \pm 5.1$	$69.7 \pm 4.8$	$59.9 \pm 3.8 \text{ g}$		
Shell strength of egg produced at					
30 weeks old	$3.8 \pm 0.6$	-	– Kg/cm <sup>2</sup>		
Yolk weight of eggs produced at					
30 weeks old	$20.1 \pm 1.8$	_	– g		

#### Origin of White Tsaiya

White Tsaiya has been developed by the Ilan Research Station (Duck Research Center), TLRI, ROC in Taiwan, over the last few decades. The white tsaiya is descended from the few individuals with pure white feathers in the Brown Tsaiya population. The white tsaiya is used as the female terminal line for the production of white mule ducks in a three - ay cross, i.e. it is crossed with white Pekin drakes to produce white Kaiya hens, which are then inseminated with semen of white Muscovy drakes.

At present, three lines were kept at TLRI for this variety. L101 is a control population. L102 is a selected line for white plumage by recurrent selection. L103 is an inbred line bred by fullsib mating for more than 13 generations with a 0.926 of inbreeding coefficient.